

## How to keep you and your family safe from lead poisoning:



Ask your doctor to screen your children for lead



Keep the area where your children play as dust-free and clean as possible



Take off your shoes when you enter the house



Clean your floors with a damp mop weekly to control dust



Vacuum carpets and upholstery with Hepa vacuums weekly



Make sure your children don't chew on lead-based painted services



Frequently wash your children's hands and toys



Make sure you use cold water if you are using it for the tap for drinking or cooking



Make your friends and family aware of the risks of lead exposure

## RESOURCES FOR HOMEOWNERS

H\Y'GhUhY'cZ'=bX]UbUfg''<YU'h\m'<c a Yg'Dfc [fU a 'cZZYfg'free radon, lead testing, and a healthy homes assessment to income eligible applicants. Repair work may includ

## You may qualify if:

- You have a child under the age of 18 living in the home
- · Adult 62 years of age and older
- · Person with disabilities
- · You own or rent your home
- · Family income below 80% income

## Signs you may have lead in your home include:

- You have walls, furniture or window sills in your home with chipping or peeling paint that was built or created before 1978
- · You have children who play in dirt near your home
- · You have recently had renovations done to your home
- · Your drinking water comes from lead pipes
- · Your child plays with toys made outside of the United States
- Your neighbors' children or child's playmates have had a high lead blood test
- · You store food in pottery containers
- You or someone you live with work where lead is used (e.g. construction, painting, iron work, automotive repair, etc.)

If you have answered 'yes' to any of these statements you and your family may be at risk of lead paint poisoning.